The Results of the Inaugural **ALGOPERF Competition** How to train a neural net 30% faster

Frank Schneider

February 11, 2025



The state of deep learning training methods

A confusingly crowded field of methods & hyperparameters

A huge number of optimizers...

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from "Descending through a Crowded Valley" (Schmidt, Schneider, Hennig; 2021)

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from "Descending through a Crowded Valley" (Schmidt, Schneider, Hennig; 2021)

...and training tricks

- OneCycle scheduler, gradient checkpointing
- Genetic Algorithm for Hyperparameters
- Avoid batches that lead to NaN/inf losses
- One cycle, low fidelity training, SGD with restarts
- Proximal optimization for regularizers
- Line searches for the maximum learning rate
- Normalized updates
- Distributed Shampoo, Normformer, GLU
- Weight averaging

from the NeurIPS "HITY Workshop" (Schneider et al.; 2022)

- FreezeOut
- A different epsilon value!
- Check hyperparameter performance over multiple seeds
- Lowering the learning rate!
- Normalizing data works better than batch or layer norm
- Mixed precision training
- Train with a small subset
- Cyclic and one cycle LR
- Label smoothing
- ▶ .

The ALGOPERF competition

A (very) short summary

ML Commons

The goal of the ALGOPERF: TRAINING ALGORITHMS benchmark & competition is to measure speed-ups in neural network training due to algorithmic improvements. What are the best algorithms to train neural networks?

The ALGOPERF competition

A (very) short summary

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The goal of the ALGOPERF: TRAINING ALGORITHMS benchmark & competition is to measure speed-ups in neural network training due to algorithmic improvements. What are the best algorithms to train neural networks?

Why?

- ▶ There was no established protocol to benchmark deep learning training methods.
- ► There are lots of subtle pitfalls when evaluating training methods, such as hyperparameter tuning, training horizons, isolating the algorithm, etc. (see Dahl et al. (2023))
- Unreasonably hard task for researchers to perform a convincing, fair, and practically relevant comparison with strong baselines.

Training real-world deep learning workloads as fast as possible

Task	Dataset	Model	Loss	Metric	Validation Target	Maximum Runtime
Clickthrough rate prediction	CRITEO 1TB	DLRMSMALL	Cross Entropy	Cross Entropy	0.123 735	7703
MRI reconstruction	fastMRI	U-NET	L1	SSIM	0.7344	8859
Image classification	ImageNet	ResNet-50 ViT	Cross Entropy Cross Entropy	Error Rate Error Rate	0.225 69 0.226 91	63 008 77 520
Speech recognition	LIBRISPEECH	Conformer DeepSpeech	CTC CTC	Word Error Rate Word Error Rate	0.085884 0.119936	61 068 55 506
Molecular property prediction	OGBG	GNN	Cross Entropy	mAP	0.28098	18 477
Translation	WMT	TRANSFORMER	Cross Entropy	BLEU	30.8491	48 151

Isolating algorithmic improvements

Submissions can only modify the training algorithm and must leave all other aspects untouched

- ▶ update_params: Typically involves optimizers such as SGD, ADAM, or custom methods.
- ▶ init_optimizer_state: Define a method's internal state, e.g. to define learning rate schedules.
- ▶ data_selection: How to construct batches of data.
- ▶ get_batch_size: Batch sizes for each workload, e.g. the largest batch size fitting in memory.
- ► (In the external tuning ruleset) hyperparameter_search_space: A *workload-agnostic* tuning space for a method's hyperparameters.

Two distinct rulesets simulating different use cases

External Tuning Ruleset	Self-Tuning Ruleset
Parallel tuning across 5 tuning trials	No additional tuning, i.e. a single trial
Fastest trial counts for scoring	All computations are "on-the-clock"
Submissions must define a workload-agnostic search space	Any required workload-adaptation must be part of the method
Simulates training with parallel ressources, e.g. multiple devices	Simulates (sequential) training using a single device
Examples: Learning rate tuning using a log grid or a list of five hyperparameter configurations	Examples: ADAM with default hyperparameters or inner-loop turing during the run

Repeat this process five times across different *studies* (with different random seeds) and take the median for a more robust final score.

Aggregate scoring using performance profiles

- ► Workload scores = median wall-clock runtimes to reach the target t_{s,w}.
- ► Performance ratio = workload score relative to the fastest workload score, i.e. r_{s,w} = t_{s,w}/min_{s∈S} t_{s,w}.
- ▶ **Performance profile** = plot the fraction of workloads where a submission is less than τ away from the fastest submission, i.e. workloads where $r_{s,w} \leq \tau$.
- ▶ Benchmark score = integrate the performance profile, i.e. B_s ∈ [0, 1].





► A competitive time-to-results benchmark → Strong baselines.

► Fixed hardware, workloads, and evaluation protocol → Submissions need to innovate on the *training algorithms*.

► Fully-specified algorithms that need to perform well across multiple workloads → No cherry-picking, general-purpose methods with complete training recipes & properly account for hyperparameter tuning.

New SOTA in neural network training methods

External Tuning Ruleset

Submission	Authors	Institutions
Distributed Shampoo	Shi, Lee, et al.	Meta Platforms
Schedule Free AdamW	Defazio, Yang, Mishchenko	Meta Al, Samsung Al
Generalized Adam	Dahl, Medapati, et al.	Google
CYCLIC LR	Ajroldi, Orvieto, Geiping	MPI-IS, ELLIS Tübingen
NadamP	Dahl, Medapati, et al.	Google
BASELINE		
Amos	Tian	Google
CASPR Adaptive	Duvvuri, Dhillon, Hsieh	UT Austin, UCLA, Google
LAWA QUEUE	Ajroldi, Orvieto, Geiping	MPI-IS, ELLIS Tübingen
LAWA EMA	Ajroldi, Orvieto, Geiping	MPI-IS, ELLIS Tübingen
Schedule Free Prodigy	Defazio, Yang, Mishchenko	Meta Al, Samsung Al

Self-Tuning Ruleset

Submission	Authors	Institutions
Schedule Free AdamW	Defazio, Yang, Mishchenko	Meta Al, Samsung Al
BASELINE		
NADAMW SEQUENTIAL	Dahl, Medapati, et al.	Google
Sinv6 75	Moudgil	Mila, Concordia University
Sinv6	Moudgil	Mila, Concordia University
AdamG	Pang	Michigan State University

New SOTA in neural network training methods

External Tuning Ruleset

Submission	Authors	Institutions	Score
Distributed Shampoo	Shi, Lee, et al.	Meta Platforms	0.7784
Schedule Free AdamW	Defazio, Yang, Mishchenko	Meta Al, Samsung Al	0.7077
GENERALIZED ADAM	Dahl, Medapati, et al.	Google	0.6383
CYCLIC LR	Ajroldi, Orvieto, Geiping	MPI-IS, ELLIS Tübingen	0.6301
NadamP	Dahl, Medapati, et al.	Google	0.5909
BASELINE			0.5707
Amos	Tian	Google	0.4918
CASPR ADAPTIVE	Duvvuri, Dhillon, Hsieh	UT Austin, UCLA, Google	0.4722
LAWA QUEUE	Ajroldi, Orvieto, Geiping	MPI-IS, ELLIS Tübingen	0.3699
LAWA EMA	Ajroldi, Orvieto, Geiping	MPI-IS, ELLIS Tübingen	0.3384
Schedule Free Prodigy	Defazio, Yang, Mishchenko	Meta Al, Samsung Al	0

Self-Tuning Ruleset

Submission	Authors	Institutions	Score
Schedule Free AdamW	Defazio, Yang, Mishchenko	Meta Al, Samsung Al	0.8542
BASELINE			0.8194
NADAMW SEQUENTIAL	Dahl, Medapati, et al.	Google	0.3308
Sinv6 75	Moudgil	Mila, Concordia University	0.1420
Sinv6	Moudgil	Mila, Concordia University	0.0903
AdamG	Pang	Michigan State University	0

More intuitive speedup numbers

- ▶ DISTRIBUTED SHAMPOO is on average 28 % faster than the (external tuning) BASELINE.
- ► SCHEDULE FREE ADAMW is on average 8 % faster than the (self-tuning) BASELINE.
- ► Comparisons across rulesets:
 - ▶ DISTRIBUTED SHAMPOO is on average 24 % faster than (self-tuning) SCHEDULE FREE ADAMW.
 - ▶ (self-tuning) SCHEDULE FREE ADAMW 10 % faster than the (external tuning) BASELINE.¹

¹Across the seven workloads both methods trained successfully.

Robustness is a major aspect of training methods

	Criteo 1TB	fastMRI	ResNet	VIT	Conformer	DEEPSPEECH	OGBG	WMT
DISTRIBUTED SHAMPOO	0.65	0.15	inf	0.43	0.78	0.62	0.18	0.80
Schedule Free AdamW	0.67	0.13	inf	0.57	0.92	0.78	0.29 [‡]	0.33
Generalized Adam	0.83	0.18	0.97	0.84	inf	0.68	0.31 [‡]	0.63
CYCLIC LR	0.67	0.25	inf	0.81	0.94	0.70	0.38 [‡]	0.49
NadamP	0.80	0.22	inf	0.88	0.94	0.60	0.43 [‡]	0.80
BASELINE	0.94	0.23	inf	0.91	0.90	0.65	0.42 [‡]	0.86
Amos	inf	0.33	inf	0.65	0.71	0.57	0.60*	0.68
CASPR ADAPTIVE	NaN	0.13	inf	0.58	inf	0.75	0.12	0.67 [‡]
LAWA QUEUE	inf	0.22	inf	0.66	inf	inf	0.25	0.56
LAWA EMA	0.69	0.29	inf	0.80	inf	inf	0.57*	0.89
Schedule Free Prodigy	NaN	0.21 [‡]	inf	inf	inf	inf	0.61*	inf

Key Takeaways II

The key results of ALGOPERF



► Significant improvements in neural net training

- ightarrow The winners provide 28 % and 10 % faster training vs. their baseline.
- \rightarrow Novel methods can improve over ADAM (e.g. non-diagonal, second-order, ...).

• Despite these improvements, there is ample potential left to explore \rightarrow No submission dominates across workloads.

ightarrow For external tuning, 5 submissions were the fastest across the 8 workloads.

ALGOPERF can meaningfully evaluate training algorithms and identify practically useful methods

- \rightarrow The results are robust to may of our benchmarking decisions.
- \rightarrow The benchmark must evolve and improve alongside the methods.

Summary & What This Means for You

Results of the Inaugural ALGOPERF Competition

- With SHAMPOO & SCHEDULE-FREE, we have two new exciting SOTA training algorithms.
 - Try them out and let us know your results!
- There is even more potential for future improvement thanks to the clear signal provided by ALGOPERF.
 - Help us try out SOAP, MUON, ADEMAMIX, ...!
- The benchmark needs to evolve and improve with the submissions.
 - Help us shape the next iteration of ALGOPERF!



...and so many more!

Benchmark Code: github.com/mlcommons/algorithmic-efficiency

Blog Post: mlcommons.org/2024/08/mlc-algoperf-benchmark-competition

Results Paper: Accepted at ICLR 2025! openreview.net/forum?id=CtM5xjRSfm

Performance profiles: External tuning ruleset



Figure 1: Performance profiles for the external tuning ruleset

Performance profiles: Self-tuning ruleset



Figure 2: Performance profiles for the self-tuning ruleset

Performance profiles: External tuning ruleset (without held-out workloads)



Figure 3: Performance profiles for the external tuning ruleset when ignoring held-out workloads.

Performance profiles: Self-tuning ruleset (without held-out workloads)



Figure 4: Performance profiles for the self-tuning ruleset when ignoring held-out workloads

Performance profiles: External tuning ruleset (qualification set)



Figure 5: Performance profiles for the external tuning ruleset on the qualification set

Performance profiles: Self-tuning ruleset (qualification set)



Figure 6: Performance profiles for the self-tuning ruleset on the qualification set

Per-workload runtimes: Self-tuning ruleset

	Criteo 1TB	fastMRI	ResNet	VIT	Conformer	DEEPSPEECH	OGBG	WMT
AdamG	inf	inf	inf	inf	inf	inf	inf	inf
BASELINE	0.75	0.22	inf	0.95	0.94	0.65	0.46	0.84
NADAMW SEQUENTIAL	2.96 [‡]	0.27	inf	1.58	inf	1.45	0.55	2.36 [‡]
Schedule Free AdamW	0.75	0.15	inf	0.68	0.97	0.88	0.32	0.94
SINV6	NaN	0.49	inf	inf	inf	2.47	1.35*	2.32
Sinv6 75	NaN	0.45	inf	inf	inf	2.21	1.50*	1.82

ResNet near misses: DISTRIBUTED SHAMPOO



Figure 7: PyTorch Distributed Shampoo

ResNet near misses: NADAMP



Figure 8: NADAMP

ResNet near misses: BASELINE



Figure 9: BASELINE

Benchmark scores as a function of au_{\max} : External tuning



Figure 10: Benchmark scores as a function of τ_{max} (external tuning).

Benchmark scores as a function of au_{\max} : Self-tuning



Figure 11: Benchmark scores as a function of τ_{max} (self-tuning).

(a) External tuning ruleset

	Fu	111	Crite 1TB	ΞO	FAST	MRI	Rest	let	VI	Г	Con- form	ER	Deep Spee	СН	OGE	3G	WM	Г	
	Score	Rank	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	
PyTorch Distr. Shampoo	0.78	1	0.75	1	0.75	1	0.89	1	0.75	1	0.75	1	0.75	1	0.77	2	0.81	1	
Schedule Free AdamW	0.71	2	0.67	2	0.67	2	0.81	2	0.68	2	0.68	3	0.68	2	0.81	1	0.67	2	
Generalized Adam	0.64	3	0.60	3	0.61	4	0.59	6	0.63	3	0.73	2	0.59	3	0.73	3	0.63	3	
CYCLIC LR	0.63	4	0.58	4	0.62	3	0.72	3	0.62	4	0.59	4	0.59	4	0.72	4	0.60	4	
NadamP	0.59	5	0.54	6	0.57	5	0.68	4	0.58	5	0.55	5	0.53	5	0.68	5	0.60	5	
Baseline	0.57	6	0.53	8	0.55	6	0.65	5	0.56	6	0.52	7	0.52	6	0.65	6	0.58	6	
Amos	0.49	7	0.56	5	0.50	7	0.56	7	0.44	7	0.42	9	0.42	8	0.56	7	0.47	8	
CASPR Adaptive	0.47	8	0.54	7	0.40	8	0.54	8	0.41	8	0.54	б	0.41	9	0.40	8	0.54	7	
LAWA QUEUE	0.37	9	0.42	9	0.32	9	0.42	9	0.31	9	0.42	8	0.42	7	0.33	10	0.31	10	
LAWA EMA	0.34	10	0.25	10	0.31	10	0.39	10	0.28	10	0.39	10	0.39	10	0.39	9	0.32	9	
Schedule Free Prodigy	0.00	11	0.00	11	0.00	11	0.00	11	0.00	11	0.00	11	0.00	11	0.00	11	0.00	11	

		Full		Criteo 1TB		fastMRI		Rest	ResNet		VIT		Con- former		СН	OGBG		WMT	
		Score	Rank	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.	S.	R.
Schedule AdamW	Free	0.85	1	0.83	1	0.83	1	0.98	1	0.83	1	0.83	1	0.85	1	0.83	1	0.84	1
BASELINE		0.82	2	0.79	2	0.82	2	0.94	2	0.81	2	0.79	2	0.79	2	0.81	2	0.79	2
NadamW Sequential		0.33	3	0.38	3	0.27	3	0.38	3	0.30	3	0.38	3	0.29	3	0.27	3	0.38	3
SINV6 75		0.14	4	0.16	4	0.12	4	0.16	4	0.16	4	0.16	4	0.13	4	0.16	4	0.08	4
SINV6		0.09	5	0.10	5	0.07	5	0.10	5	0.10	5	0.10	5	0.09	5	0.10	5	0.04	5
AdamG		0.00	6	0.00	6	0.00	б	0.00	б	0.00	б	0.00	б	0.00	б	0.00	б	0.00	б

(a) Self-tuning ruleset